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SUMMARY

Measuring progress in communication and language for autistic children who are not yet talking or just beginning to talk is often a challenge. To address this practical need, we present how to generate a hypothesis about a child's communication based on an initial evaluation focused on prelinguistic skills and then how to test that hypothesis through progress monitoring during intervention. We use case examples to apply presented concepts to evaluating gestures, social attention, vocalizations, and comprehension of autistic children. We provide guidance on selecting among different measures and tailoring measures to specific children. Attendees will have opportunities to practice with video examples and receive example data collection documents to readily implement the described techniques.

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SOCIAL ATTENTION			
DATE:	START TIME:	STOP TIME:	
ACTIVITY: SETTING: SUPPORTS:			
	IICATION PARTNER:	e Gaze	
T.	Independent	With Prompt	
			20

Total:

Notes:

Total:

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VOCALIZATIONS				
DATE:	START TIME:	STOP TIME:		
ACTIVITY:				
SUPPORT:	S:			
COMMUNI	CATION PARTNER:	•	••	
Proportions of Vocalizations with a Canonical Syllable				
ga ha da ba	Canonical	Precanonical		
ba da ga da ba ba Od da ga da				
	Total:	Total:		

Notes:

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DATE:	START TIME:	STOP TIME:
ACTIVITY:		
SETTING:		
SUPPORTS:		
COMMUNICATION PARTNER:		



Communicative Gestures

Deictic	Conventional
A gesture that indicates an object,	A gesture that has socio-cultural
person, or location	meaning
Giving:	Waving:
Showing:	Clapping:
Reaching:	Shaking Head:
Pointing:	Shrugging:
Total:	Total:



Notes: